STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

Name of the module/subject	Code
Advanced signal processing algorithm	**1010822121010832262**

Field of study	Profile of study (general academic, practical)	Year /Semester
Electronics and Telecommunications	**general academic**	**1 / 2**

Elective path/specialty	Subject offered in:	Course (compulsory, elective)
Computer Networks and Internet	**Polish**	**obligatory**

Cycle of study:	Form of study (full-time,part-time)
Second-cycle studies	**full-time**

No. of hours				No. of credits
Lecture: **2** Classes: **2** Laboratory: **-** Project/seminars: **-**				**5**

Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, from another field)
other	**from field**

Education areas and fields of science and art	ECTS distribution (number and %**)**
technical sciences	**5 100%**
Technical sciences	**5 100%**

Responsible for subject / lecturer:

prof. dr hab. inż. Ryszard Stasiński, prof. nadzw.
email: rstasins@et.put.poznan.pl
tel. +48 61 665 3839
Wydział Elektroniki i Telekomunikacji
ul. Piotrowo 3A 60-965 Poznań

Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:

1	**Knowledge**	Has extended, in-depth knowledge of those branches of mathematics which are used in formulating and solving problems in electronic and telecommunications - K2_W00
		Is conversant with numerical methods used in electronics and telecommunication - K2_W07
2	**Skills**	Is able to select adequate numerical methods and simulation methods to solve typical tasks related to analysis, design and optimization of systems and computational tasks in telecommunication - K2_U09
3	**Social competencies**	Is aware of the limitations of his/her current knowledge and skills; is committed to lifelong learning - K2_K04

Assumptions and objectives of the course:

Learning of theoretical and practical knowledge linked with advanced digital signal processing techniques, e.g. design and analysis of time-variant systems (adaptive), multirate systems, and advanced methods of spectral analysis.

Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study

Knowledge:

1. Has a systematic, detailed knowledge, together with necessary mathematical background, of advanced methods of digital signal processing - [K2_W09]

Skills:

1. Is able to make typical calculations and use appropriate software to design and analyze the operation of advanced digital signal processing circuits - [K2_U12]

2. Is able to design, construct, program and test complex, technologically advanced electronic circuits and systems, especially for telecommunication devices and systems and networks - [K2_U15]

Social competencies:

1. Is aware of the limitations of his/her current knowledge and skills; is committed to lifelong learning - [K2_K04]

2. Is aware of the necessity to approach solving technical problems with responsibility and professionalism - [K2_K05]

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Final exam following lectures - written answers to 10 questions covering lecture material

Colloquia during exercise classes, two - solution of few exercises

Knowledge verification on the fly during classes

Faculty of Electronics and Telecommunications

Course description
Prediction: Wold model, ARMA, AR and MA models, linear predictor, lattice structure, normal equations, Levinson-Durbin and Schur algorithms, Wiener FIR and IIR filters. Identification and modeling: least-squares (LS) solutions for AR, MA and ARMA models. Adaptive filters: applications, gradient filters - LMS and its analysis, recursive LS filters (RLS) - Kalman filter, its improvements, various versions of fast RLS algorithms. Multirate systems: idea, interpolator and decimator, poliphase structures, exact and approximate solutions to sampling rate conversion, multiplierless modulation and demodulation, filter banks - uniform, critically sampled, perfectly and nearly-perfectly reconstructing, QMF filters, time-frequency analysis - spectrogram, Gabor transformation, wavelet transforms. Advanced methods of spectrum estimation: non-parametric methods (extension), parametric methods - Yule-Walker, Burg and unconstrained AR methods, methods based on eigenvector analysis - Pisarenko approach, MUSIC and ESPRIT.

Basic bibliography:

1. T. Zieliński, "Cyfrowe przetwarzanie sygnałów, od teorii do zastosowań", WKŁ 2005.

Additional bibliography:

1. J.G. Proakis, D.G. Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing, Principles, Algorithms, and Applications", 4 ed., Prentice Hall, 2007.

Result of average student's workload	
Activity	**Time (working hours)**
1. Lectures	30
2. Preparation to exam	40
3. Exam	2
4. Classes	30
5. Preparation to classes	20
6. Preparation to colloquia	15
7. Consultations	3

Student's workload		
Source of workload	**hours**	**ECTS**
Total workload	125	5
Contact hours	65	3
Practical activities	65	3